

4. The graph of the rational function f whose rule is $f(x) = \frac{3x^2 + 1}{x^2 + x + 1}$ has the horizontal asymptote $y = 3$.
The graph of f crosses its horizontal asymptote at the point **P**. Find the **exact** coordinates of the point **P**.

5. The rational function f whose rule is $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 2}{x - 3}$ has a slant asymptote as shown in Figure 2. Determine the equation of that slant asymptote. Show all your work.

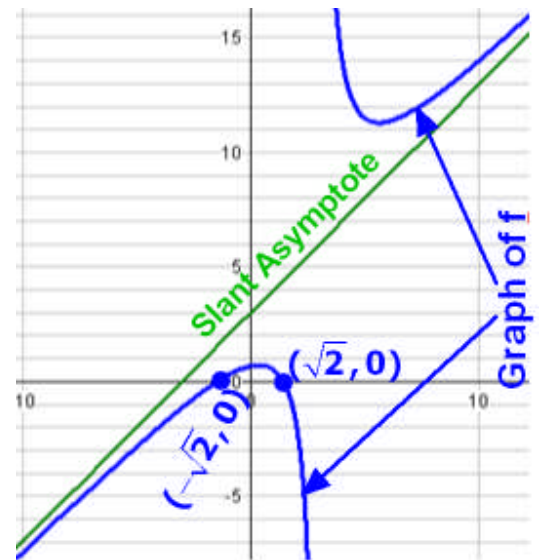


Figure 2

NAME: _____ Score _____/10

Please **print** your name

1. What is the horizontal asymptote (if there is one) of the function whose rule is $f(x) = \frac{-4x^2 + 3}{(x - 3)(3x + 1)}$

Remember a horizontal asymptote is a line not a number.

2. What are the zeros of the rational function whose rule is $f(x) = \frac{-4x + 3}{(x - 3)(3x + 1)}$

3. What are the vertical asymptotes of the rational function whose rule is $f(x) = \frac{(3x + 5)(x - 2)}{(x + 1)(x + 2)(3x + 5)}$

Remember a vertical asymptote is a line not a number.